Name	Date							
Teacher	Grade							
Text selected by: ☐ teacher Accuracy Rate Comprehension	student Level Phrasing and Fluency							
INTRODUCTION TO THE TEXT: PREVIEW	WING AND PREDICTING							
T: In this story, Green Freddie, Freddie was a frog who live read the first page aloud to see what you think might be	ved by a pond. He met two friends who made him feel sad. Please happen in this story.							
Student reads the first page aloud. If it i question.	is an appropriate level, continue with the next							
T: What do you think might happen in this story?	T: What do you think might happen in this story?							
Prediction(s) Student gathers limited information gathers some information gathers pertinent information	 predicts next possible event or action predicts several possible events or actions with prompting predicts several possible events or actions without prompting 							
T: Now it's time to read and enjoy this story by yourself. what happened in the story.	Now it's time to read and enjoy this story by yourself. When you're done, please come to me and I'll ask you to tell me what happened in the story.							
Student reads the rest of the story siler closed.	ntly and then gives a retelling with the book							
COMPREHENSION AND RESPONSE								
Close the book before the retelling and	then say:							
T: Start at the beginning and tell me what happened in t	this story.							

Highlight or underline information included in the student's retelling on the story overview. Please note the student does not need to use the exact words in order for you to underline the statement, idea, action, or event. Place "TP" by information given in response to a teacher prompt.

Characters: Freddie the Frog, squirrel, chipmunk, and owl Setting/Places depicted in the story: On a log in the pond

STORY OVERVIEW

- 1. Freddie sat on the log. "He wasn't eating. He wasn't drinking. He wasn't thinking."
- 2. Squirrel came along and asked Freddie, "Don't you wish you looked like me? My fur is pretty. You're all green."
- 3. Chipmunk came along and asked Freddie, "Don't you wish you looked like me? My fur is pretty. You're all green."
- 4. Freddie cried.
- 5. Wise owl asked why Freddie was crying and then told him that things all around him were green.

Ending: Freddie croaks loudly so everyone can hear green is a great color to be.

Use one or more of the following prompts to gain further information.

- 1. Tell me more.
- 2. What happened at the beginning?
- 3. What happened after ____(an event mentioned by the student)?
- 4. Who else was in the story?
- 5. How did the story end?

Use these questions only if the following information was omitted from the retelling.

- 1. What was Freddie's problem?
- 2. How was Freddie's problem solved?

Record all other questions asked.

RESPONSE

Service Control of the Control of th

- **T:** Why did you choose this story?
- **T:** Tell me what you liked about this story.
- **T:** What does this story make you think of?

MAKING CONNECTIONS

The student links to:

☐ personal experience
☐ other media or events

other	literature
other	

DRA COMPREHENSION RUBRIC

Circle the number to the left of one statement in each row that best describes the student's retelling. Then add the circled numbers together to obtain a total score. Circle the total score (from 6–24) where it appears in the row of numbers at the top of the rubric to determine the level of comprehension.

Very Little Comprehension 6 7 8 9	Some Comprehension 10 11 12 13 14 15	Adequate Comprehension 16 17 18 19 20 21	22 23 24 4 Tells most events in sequence or tells most		
1 Tells 1 or 2 events or key facts	2 Tells some of the events or key facts	3 Tells many events, in sequence for the most part, or tells many key facts			
1 Includes few or no important details from text	2 Includes some important details from text	3 Includes many important details from text	4 Includes most important details and key language or vocabulary from text		
1 Refers to 1 or 2 characters or topics using pronouns (he, she, it, they)	2 Refers to 1 or 2 characters or topics by generic name or label (boy, girl, dog)	3 Refers to many characters or topics by name in text (Ben, Giant, Monkey, Otter)	4 Refers to all characters or topics by specific name (Old Ben Bailey, green turtle, Sammy Sosa)		
1 Responds with incorrect information	2 Responds with some misinterpretation	3 Responds with literal interpretation	4 Responds with inter- pretation that reflects higher-level thinking		
1 Provides limited or no response to teacher questions and prompts 2 Provides some response to teacher questions and prompts		3 Provides adequate response to teacher questions and prompts	4 Provides insightful response to teacher questions and prompts		
1 Requires many questions or prompts	2 Requires 4–5 questions or prompts	3 Requires 2–3 questions or prompts	4 Requires 1 or no questions or prompts		

ORAL READING AND STRATEGIES USED

Record the student's oral reading behaviors on the record of oral reading that follows, or take a running record on a blank sheet of paper as the student reads pages 4 and 5. Number the miscues that are not self-corrected.

Page 4

A chipmunk came skipping along. The at the pond. She looked at chipmunk stopped herself in the water, and she smiled. Then her golden-brown fur her paw. she patted with pretty today, doesn't it?" said fur looks "My chipmunk. the

"Yes," said Freddie the Frog. "It looks very pretty."

"Don't you wish you looked like me?" asked the chipmunk.

"No," said Freddie the Frog. "I look OK."

Page 5

"But look at you," said the chipmunk.
"You poor thing. You're all green."

Then the chipmunk skipped away, all shining and golden brown in the sunshine.

Freddie the Frog sat on his log. He wasn't eating. He wasn't drinking. He wasn't thinking. He was crying.

The wise old owl came flying by. He stopped at the pond. He looked at Freddie the Frog. "Why are you crying, Freddie?" asked the owl. "It's such a pretty day. No one should be crying on such a pretty day."

Circle accuracy rate: Word Count 154

%	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88
Miscues	0	1–2	3	4–5	6	7–8	9–10	11	12–13	14	15–16	17	18

Phrasing and fluency	
Student reads:	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
□ word by word□ in short phrases at times	 in longer phrases most of the time; adequate rate
 □ in short phrases most of the time □ in longer phrases at times; inconsistent rate 	☐ in longer phrases; rate adjusted appropriately
Intonation	
Student reads with:	
 □ no intonation; monotone □ little intonation; rather monotone □ some intonation; some attention 	adjusts intonation to convey meaning at times; attends to punctuation most of the time
to punctuation; monotone at times	□ adjusts intonation to convey
	meaning; attends to punctuation begins to explore subtle intonation
	that reflects mood, pace, and tension
	, расс, ста
At difficulty	
Student problem solves using:	
□ picture	☐ multiple attempts
☐ letter/sound	pausing
□ letter sound clusters	no observable behaviors
□ syllables	Appealed for help: times
☐ rereading	Was told/given: words
Analysis of miscues and self-corrections	
Miscues interfered with meaning:	tudent:
□ no	☐ detects no miscues
☐ at times	☐ self-corrects a few significant miscues
☐ sometimes	☐ self-corrects some significant miscues
☐ often	 self-corrects most significant miscues
	□ self-corrects most significant miscues
	quickly
	 self-corrects all significant miscues quickly
	42.000
Commonte:	

Comments:

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READING PREFERENCES

- T: When do you like to read? Why?
- T: Tell me how you choose a book to read.
- **T:** What is one of your favorite books? Why?

Circle the statements on the DRA Continuum that best describe the student's observable reading behaviors and responses.